



Dziedzinowo zorientowane
usługi i zasoby infrastruktury
PL-Grid dla wspomagania
Polskiej Nauki w Europejskiej
Przestrzeni Badawczej

Lightweight Metadata and Data Management with DataNet

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- Motivation behind DataNet
- Metadata Management Requirements
- Architecture Description
- PL-Grid Deployment
- Conclusions

■ Rationale

- Current data **discoverability** and **reproducibility** for scientific results is poor
- Data management is a common requirement in computational sciences
- Workflow and scripting engines provide only little support (GridSpace, Taverna) and make a tight coupling with the enactment engine
- Each application is different and requires a dedicated metadata/data model

■ Objectives

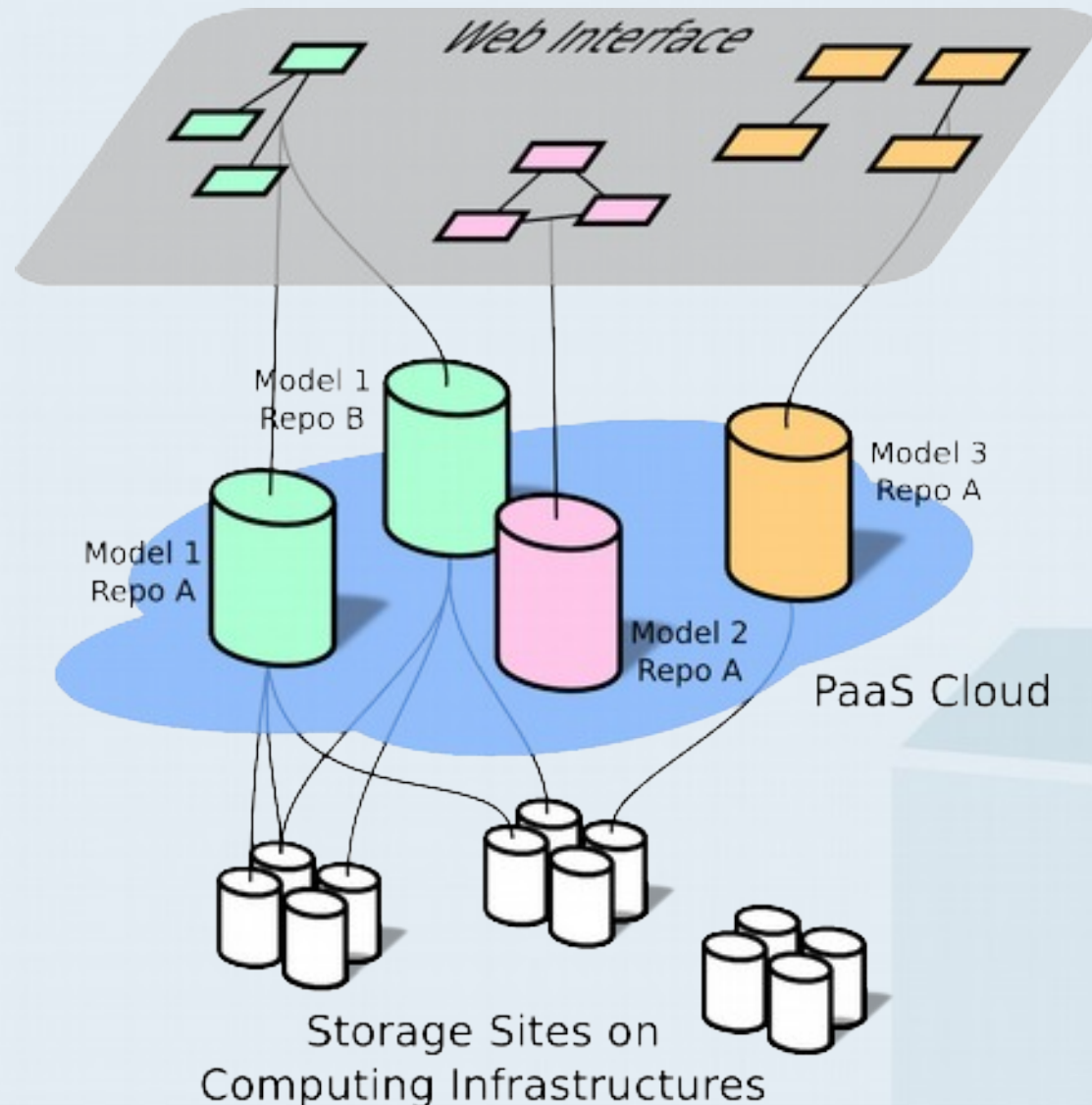
- Provide means for **ad-hoc metadata model creation** and deployment of corresponding storage facilities
- Create a research space for **metadata model exchange and discovery** with associated data repositories with access restrictions in place
- Support **different types of storage sites** and **data transfer protocols**
- Support the exploratory paradigm by making the models evolve together with data

- PLGrid infrastructure – supporting different e-Science domains
 - Various applications coming from different scientific communities operate on different metadata and data models
 - Common computational and storage resources are used to store raw data

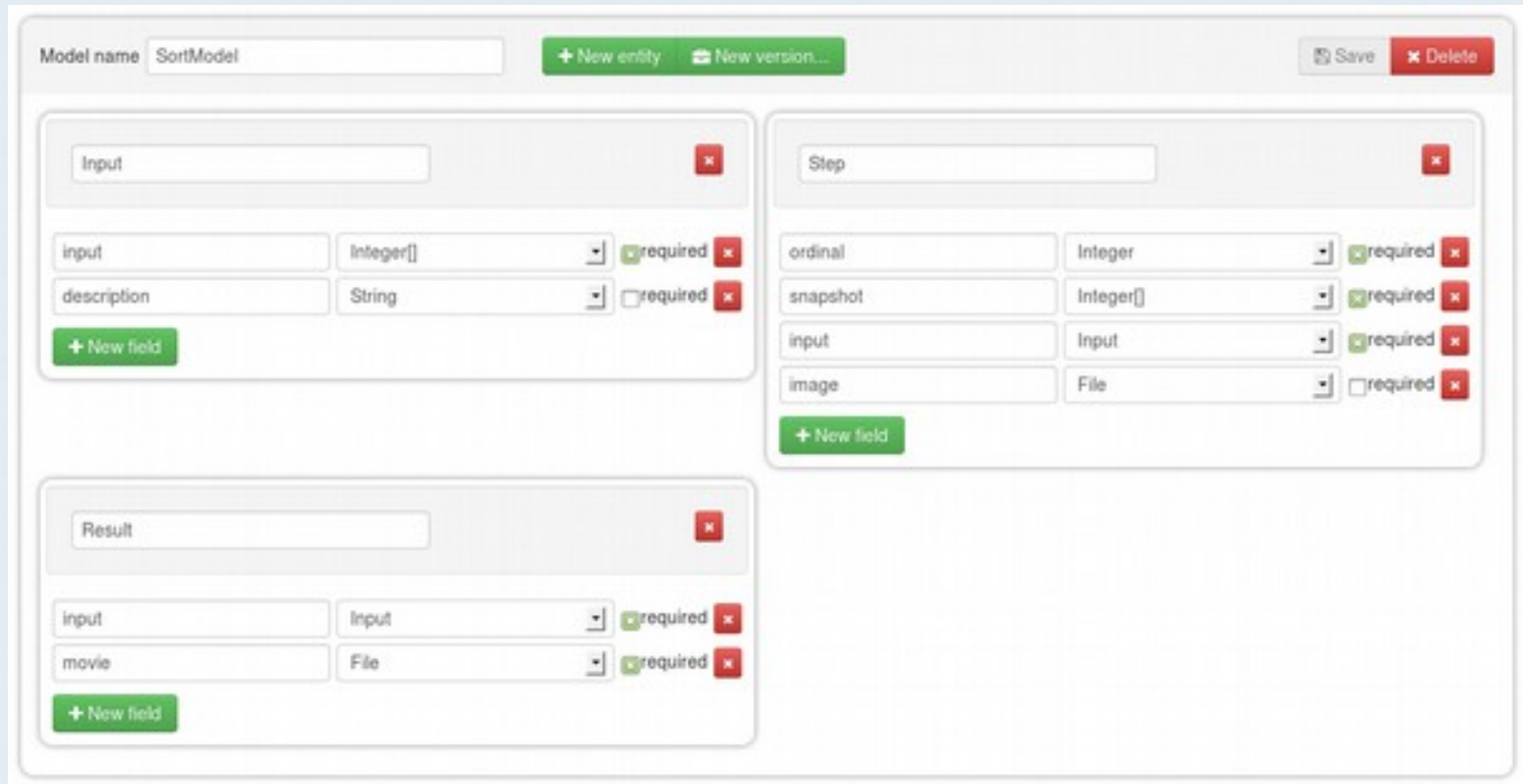
- Deployment of model data as repositories in PL-Grid cloud
 - Robust enablement of a dedicated interface to compose metadata and data models
 - Access control capabilities to restrict access to data
 - Exploitation of available storage infrastructure for large file-based data sets

- Universal availability of the repository
 - Platform independent metadata and data recording
 - Facilitated by existing standards to support wide range of programming languages

- **Web Interface** is used by users to create, extend and discover metadata models
- Model repositories are deployed in the **PaaS Cloud** layer for scalable and reliable access from computing nodes through REST interfaces
- Data items from **Storage Sites** are linked from the model repositories



- Set of entities with fields of different types
 - Simple types
 - Array types
 - File type
 - Relations

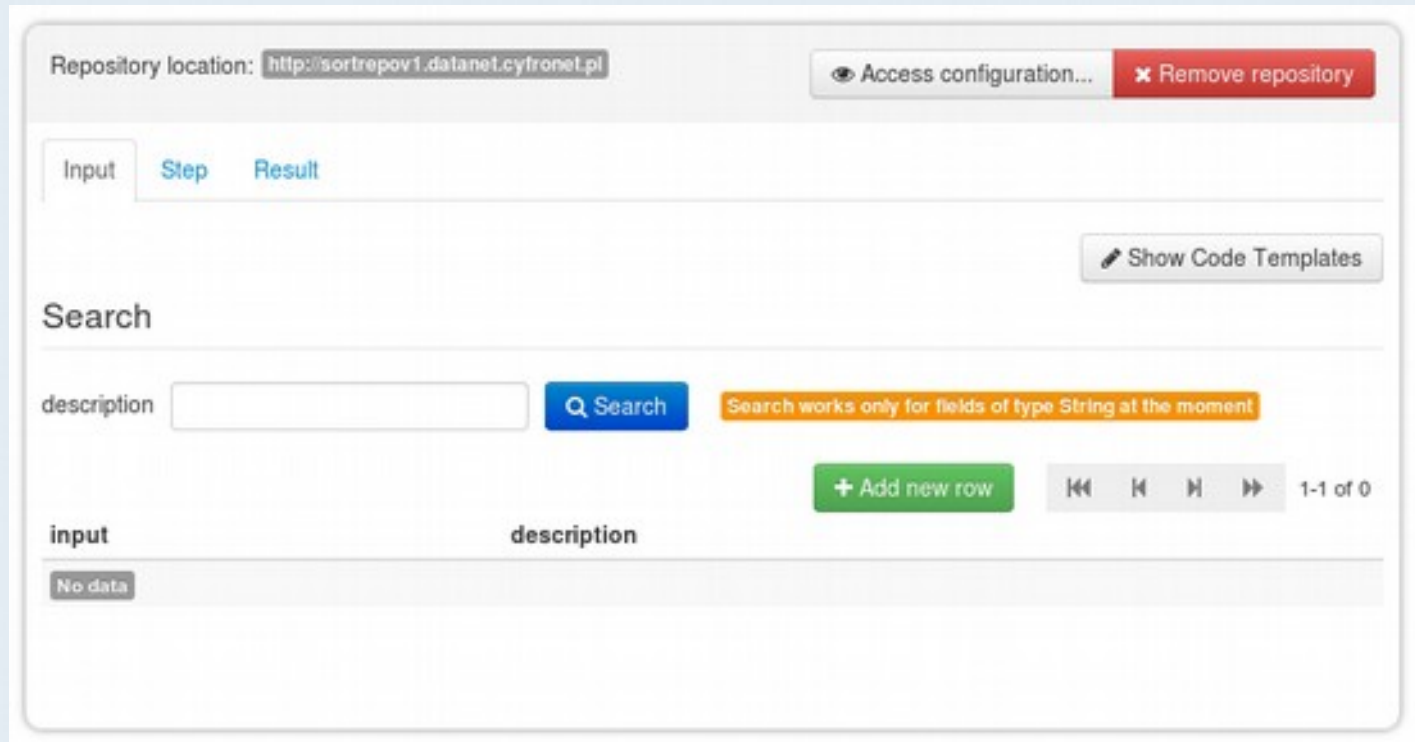


The screenshot displays the DataNet Data Model editor interface for a model named "SortModel". The interface includes a header with the model name, a "New entity" button, a "New version..." button, and "Save" and "Delete" buttons. The main area is divided into three panels, each representing an entity:

- Input Entity:** Contains two fields: "input" (type: Integer[], required) and "description" (type: String, not required).
- Step Entity:** Contains four fields: "ordinal" (type: Integer, required), "snapshot" (type: Integer[], required), "input" (type: Input, required), and "image" (type: File, not required).
- Result Entity:** Contains two fields: "input" (type: Input, required) and "movie" (type: File, required).

Each field configuration includes a dropdown menu for the type, a checkbox for "required", and a red "x" icon for deletion. A green "+ New field" button is located at the bottom of each entity panel.

- Repositories are accessed through REST
 - Data view through a web application
 - Configurable Access control
 - Public
 - Private (within a group of users)



Repository location: [Access configuration...](#) [Remove repository](#)

[Input](#) [Step](#) [Result](#)

[Show Code Templates](#)

Search

description [Search](#) Search works only for fields of type String at the moment

[+ Add new row](#) [⏪](#) [⏴](#) [⏵](#) [⏩](#) 1-1 of 0

input	description
No data	

■ Data sent over with JSON or FORM

- REST methods
 - POST – submit new data
 - PUT – modify data
 - DELETE – remove data
 - GET- retrieve data
 - Queries with URL

```
require 'rest-client'
require 'json'

datanet=RestClient::Resource.new('http://a:a@repo.datanet.cyfronet.pl')
datanet.get
def get_user(first_name, last_name)
  {first_name: first_name, last_name: last_name}.to_json
end
get_user "marek", "kasztelnik"
datanet['user'].post get_user("Marek", "Kasztelnik")
datanet["user"].get
10.times {datanet['user'].post get_user("Marek", "Kasztelnik")}
datanet["user"].get
datanet["user/519dbfed2fbb0c79f400000b"].delete
datanet["user"].get
```

```
import requests as req
import json

headers = {'content-type': 'application/json'}
resp = req.post('http://test5.datanet.cyfronet.pl/Hello',
               data = json.dumps({'name': 'hello1'}), auth = ('', ''), headers = headers)
```


■ Acknowledgements

- This research has been partially supported by the European Regional Development Fund program no. POIG.02.03.00-00-096/10 as part of the PL-Grid PLUS project

■ Contact us and help make DataNet better

■ Visit <http://dice.cyfronet.pl> for more information

■ See DataNet in action at <https://datanet.cyfronet.pl> (PLGrid account required)